

CHOCOLATE AND ROSES

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3ALAZdsguO8>

1. Watch the film and answer the questions:

- Why do roses have different colours?
- How is it possible that inside a chocolate in a solid state there is some liquid filling?
- What do chemistry and real life have in common?

2. Decide if the statements are true (T), false (F) or we don't know (DK):

- Boiling point for liquid nitrogen is -196 degrees.
- Chocolate melts very well in your hands.
- When people would like to make a perfume they should collect fragrance from roses only in the morning.
- The colour of roses is connected with the strength of double bonds between two oxygen atoms.
- Molecules of smell are very complicated.

3. Complete the gaps in the sentences:

- The molecule of sugar consists of two drawn together by an atom in the middle.
- The fragrance molecules are very
- They extracted the smell using a light form of petrol.
- Carbon atoms can be linked by a between two carbon atoms, but sometimes you have a and occasionally you have a The line of the double bonds to colour.
- Chocolate contains the compound very similar to caffeine. It is a and it is forbidden for
- When we take out the rose it breaks into little pieces because the water in the and has frozen.